# THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 7417.

MORNING EDITION---WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13, 1853.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

# NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

SIC OFFICES, CORNER OF HANOVER AND BRAVE

INTERESTING FROM ALL QUARTERS

SANTA ANNA'S RETURN TO MEXICO. Ravages by the Yellow Fever at Rio.

VARIOUS MARITIME DISASTERS.

Interesting from Mexico.
ARBIVAL OF SANTA ANNA AT VERA CRUZ. NEW ORLEANS, April 12, 1853.

ered Vera Crus on the afternoon of the 1st inst. His re-ception was not very cordial. He immediately left for his lactenda near Jalapa. CTEMS BY THE MAILS—A GOVERNOR DISMISSED— SANTA ANNA TO CONSULT WITH THE NOBLES— THE ENGLISH BONDHOLDERS, ETC.

BALTIMORE, April 12-9 P. M. New Orleans papers of Wednesday have been received. They have Mexican news to the 19th ult, from which we learn that Senor Prieto, Governor of Tamaulipas, had been dismissed from office by the Legislature of that

Monitor says that Col. Escabar has invited several pobles to consult with Santa Anna at his Encero farm, about the 5th or 6th of April. Insurrectionary move-ments had taken place in Morelos and several other por-

ments had taken place in Morelos and several other portions of the country.

The information, given by Mr. Falconnet to the English bondholders, that he had been compelled to pay \$60,000 to buy over members of the Mexican Congress, created great excitement in the capital. The press expressed in dignation, and the members of Congress affirm they are innocent. President Lombardini was thinking of giving Falconnett his passport, with an invitation to leave the republic. Falconnett came out in a card, in which he declares everything said relative to his purchasing votes, was false and unauthorized.

On the 18th ult., a conducta left the city of Mexico for Vera Cruz, with \$2,070,000, escorted by fifty cavalry and one hundred and fifty infantry, with one field piece.

## The Yellow Fever at Rio Janetro. RAVAGES AMONG THE SHIPPING.

BALTIMORE, April 12, 1853 The bank Indus has arrived at this port, with Rio dates to the 3d March. She reports the fever to be still raging there with fearful violence. The second mate of the bard e had died, and Capt. Higgins, of the bark Siri, had also both down with the fever. Capt. Nash, of the bark Atalays, had lost his wife. The fever was equally bad on abore, and smongst the English, French and Swedish shipping it was still worse.

#### .The Gardner Trial.

WASHINGTON, April 12, 1853. In the Gardner case, after considerable delay, a tele raphic despatch was received from the Mexican Consul ral, at New York, stating that he would be here tonorning, and, with the understanding that he be then allowed to be examined, the counsel for the defence

Mr. Bradley asked leave to state the outline of the evi-lence proposed, but the counsel for the prosecution ob-

Mr. Bradley asked leave to state the outline of the evidence proposed, but the counsel for the prosecution objected.

Gen. Waddy Thompson was called, and testified that he arrived in the city of Mexico on the 16th of April, 1842, and remained there until the 10th of March, 1844; knew the defendant very well; first saw him when I waited upon him as chairman of a committee of American residents, to invite him to a public dineer tendered him soon after his arrival; saw Dr. Gardner at dinner; he was toasted, and he responded; saw him frequently afterwards; he lived in one of the most respectable streets, the same street; as we should call it, with himself, being one or two squares distant; he moved in the best society; practised deutistry, and not mecicine, on account of the difficulty in getting a license; administered to the witness once or twice, as he has done since his return, he having very great confidence in his skill as a physician. Gardner had a handsome collection of minerals, which witness recollected visiting; was applied to in the autumn of 1843 for a letter to some American commander, to grant him a passage; directed Mr. Green to write it, which he did, and handed it to Gardner; it was not an act of charity; did the same for half a dozen men of fortune, who could not otherwise procure passages at Vera Cruz; did not see him again till he met him at a hotel in this city, in December, 1848, or January, 1946; Gardner then, several months before the period when the claim was alleged to have been fabricated, employed him to prosecute this identical claim; placed the mining account, books, depositions, &c., in his hands, showing the same amount substantially; got him to prepare a rough draft of the menorial, which was presented to the Board of Commissioners.

Mr. Mayer testified he was Secretary of the Legation at Mexico, from December, 1841, to November, 1842; at-

Municipal Election in Trenton, N. J. TRENTON, April 12, 1853. John R. Tucker, whig, was re-elected Mayor, yesterday. There was very little excitement, and a small vote.

Bark Hercules Sunk-Ship Damascus Con-

demned. The bark Perota, from Brazil, reports falling in, on the Oth instant, with the bark Hercules, from Liverpool for Charleston, in a sinking condition. A portion of the crew were rescued by the Perota, and the remainder by

from Galvestor.
The ship Pamascus, of Baltimore, was condemned at Salinas Bay to be sold, on account of damage sustained at sea. She is insured for \$23,000 in Baltimore offices.

From the East. STEAMER EMPIRE STATE ON FIRE-NAVAL-FIRE IN

Boston, April 12, 1853. from New York, last evening, bound to Fall River, took fire from some derangement of the furnace machinery. Her passengers, over two hundred in number, were taken off by the steamer Commodore for Stonington, where they were landed, and passed on to Boston in the train

morning.
The officers of the ship of the line Vermont have been detached from that vessel, and she is to be laid up in ordinary. The crews of the Germantown and Dale are to be paid off on Friday next.

On Sunday night, the Leland paper mill and machine shop in Milibury, Mass., were destroyed by fire. Loss \$7,000. Iusured in Hartford.

The Bark T. J. Southard. Риплония, April 12, 1853. The schooner J. H. Flanner, from Porto Rico, reports passing on the 10th instant, 70 miles southeast of Cape Henlopen, the bark T. J. Southard, abandoned, with six feet water in her hold, her masts standing, and most o her sails set. On the same day the wreck was boarded by

Items from Baltimore.

Interesting from Texas—The Baltimore and OHIO RAILROAD-THE CATHOLIC SCHOOL EXCITE-

BALTIMORE, April 12, 1853. Galveston dates to the 1st inst., state that a large rob bery of the mail from the interior of the State to New Orleans had taken place, and James Simmons, a clerk in the Galveston Post Office, had been detected and arrested. The gan Antonio Ledger states that the War Depart ment has authorized General Twiggs, if expedient or pro-

At a caucus of the Board of Directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, held to day, it was resolved to elect William G. Harrista, merchant, President, vice Mr. Swann, whose resignation goes into effect to-morrow. The Susquehanna Bridge bill has been made the order of the day for Thursday next, by the Maryland Senate. The committee sent down by the meeting last night to Annapolls, to defeat the Catholic School bill, have returned, and report it will not receive ten votes. The city of Alexandria and Orange Railread.

Thomas Swan, President of the Baltimore and Ohio Baltroad, will positively resign to morrow.

### Railroad Subscriptions.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12, 1853.

The stockholders of the Penn-ylvania Railroad, by a sarly unanimous vote, have authorized the subscription of \$750,000 to the Mariette and Cincinnati Railroad \$300,000 to the Indiana and Ohio Railroad, and \$100,000 to the Springfield, Mount Vernon and Pittsburg Railroad

The James Adger at Charleston.
CHARLESTON, April 11, 1853.
The United States mail steamship James Adger. Cap
John Dickinson, arrived here at 8 o'clock, this (Monda)

Fires at Syracuse, BYRACUSA, Apr. 1 12, 1553.

Last night, five buildings on Division street, near the Court House, were destroyed by fire, and about thirty German families were turned into the street.

A large dwelling house in the south part of the city was also burned, immediately after the above. The loss is unknown, but all the houses were insused!

Markets.

New ORLEANS, April 11, 1853.

Tobacco has advanced Me., with large setos. Fe
Kentucky 5c. has been refused.

The regular meeting of the Ten Governors, was held ast evening, at their rooms in the Rotunda. Present—

Messrs. West, Pinckney, Dugro, McLaughlin, Draper The following is the number of inmates in the vas

institutions for the week ending April 9th, 1868:-

Mr. Draper moved that such part of the minutes as related to the appointment of an increased number of members on the Medical Board of Bellevue Hospital be referred to a committee to inquire into the regularity of such appointment.

Mr. Pischen committee to inquire into the regularity of meeting, departed from the spirit and letter of the rules which had been established for its government.

Mr. Draper thought that the Board had acted precipitately. It was a very serious thing for the Board to interfere with the medical department of the hospital, and this Board should consult with that department upon the subject.

The Pressurer thought an increase of the medical board unnecessary.

the subject.

The PERSIDENT thought an increase of the medical board unrecessary.

Mr. Drapen withdrew his motion to refer, and after the minutes were approved, moved that the resolutions of the former meeting, increasing the number of the Medical Board of Bellevue Hoepital, be reconsidered. On this motion the ayes and nays were taken, and resulted —ayes 3, nays 4.

A communication was read from the Warden of Randall's Island, stating that two dead bodies were taken from the City Cemetery on the night of the 8th inst., which information had been received from Captain Vm. O. Webb, deputy keeper of the cemetery, which was referred to the Committee on City Cemetery.

Mr. TOWNSEND moved to take up the report of the Committee on Saltaness or OFFICIALS.

Mr. TOWNSEND moved to take up the report of the Committee on Saltanes, but considerable difference of opinion prevailed among the members of the Board in regard to the order in which the items of the report should be considered. After some debate Mr. Draper moved that the salary of E. B. Corwin, Chief Clerk of the Board, be raised to \$1,250.

Mr. PINCKERY moved as an amendment, that the salary be \$1,500.

The amendment was agreed to, and the question being taken more the crisinal motion as a mended, it was decid-

Mr. PINCKEY moved as an amendment, that the salary be \$1,500. The amendment was agreed to, and the question being taken upon the original motion as amended, it was decided in the negative.

The further consideration of the subject of salaries was then postponed until the next meeting.

Mr. TOWNSKID moved the following:—
Resolved, That a special committee be appointed by the Board, to take into consideration the propriety of organizing the medical department of the several institutions, under charge of the floard of Governors, with a view of placing them, if practicable, under the charge of the Medical Board of Bellevue Hospital.

The resolution was agreed to.

Mr. PINCKEY moved that the Board of Governors extend an invitation to the National Medical Association, which meets in this city in the early part of May, to visit the institutions under their charge, and provide suitable refreshments for them. Referred to the Committee on Bellevue Hospital.

The Board then adjourned.

#### Jersey City Election.

The polling commenced in the four wards yesterday morning, and was carried on with great spirit until the close. There were a few personal encounters, but no serious fight during the day. In the First, Second, and Fourth wards, the contest was very sharp, and at eleven o'clock last night the prevailing opinion was that the democrats had a small majority. From the large number of votes cast in the Third ward the general result was not known when we went to pross. We will publish the returns in the afternoon.

Brooklyn City Intelligence.

Fire — Last night, about half past eleven o'clock, a fire broke out in the rear of a large frame building on Little street, opposite Plymouth, which was mostly destroyed. Several neighboring dwellings also caught fire, but the flames were speedily extinguished by the Navy Yard engine, which played over the wall. The house destroyed was owned by Thomas Welsh, and occupied on the lower floor as a liquor store by John Wiley, while eight poor families resided in the upper stories. Most of the furniture was saved. The damage to the builting will hardly exceed \$1,000.

# Coroners' Inquests.

Coroners' Inquests.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Coroner Gamble held an inquest yesterday, at the drug store No. 192 William street, upon the body of Mr. John McCutchen, a native of Pennsylvania, thirty-seven years of age, who was found dead yesterday morning, at the above named store, which had been kept by him for about fifteen years. On Monday evening he left his residence, in Brooklyn, for the purpose of visiting his store, and not returning during the night, his wife, on the following morning, caused a search to be instituted, which resulted in finding his body lying upon the door, he having fallen off a settee. Dr. Uhl made a post mortam examination of the body, and found the lungs much congested, and a rupture of the right ventricle, and the jury rendered a verdict of death arising from these causes. The deceased leaves a wife and four children to mourn his loss.

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CHILD RUN OVER AND KILLED.

Catharine Schultz, a Bohemian girl, nine years of age, while attempting to cross at the corner of Delancy and Attorney streets, on Monday evening, was knocked down and run over by a horse and wagon, driven by Philip Geretz. The child was immediately removed to the residence of her parents, No. 85 Attorney street, where she died in the course of half an hour after arriving. The parents of the deceased having been in the country but three weeks, and being wretchedly poor, Mrs. Pearsall, wife of Alderman Pearsall, of the Thirteenth ward, whose tesidence is nearly opposite, kindly furnished the distressed family with such necessaries as they stood in teed of, and did all in her power, by sympathy and substantial aid, to ameliorate their sufferings. Yesterday Assistant Coroner Wilhelm held an inquest upon the body, and an investigation was instituted, which resulted in showing that the occurrence was purely accidental, and the jury rendered a vordict to that effect. Geretz, who had been arrested and held to await the rosult of the inquisition, was then discharged.

Police Intelligence.

Hotel Thief Arrested.—Yesterday officers Codet and Clark, of the Second ward, arrested a man calling himself James Donohue, on a charge of stealing six overcoats and three pair of boots from the National Hotel, in Cortlandt street, valued in all at \$60 and upwards. The rogue, it seems, had managed to escape from the hotel with the property and the officers seeing the accused with the property in his possession, passing along Park row, thought he looked suspicious, and accordingly took him into custody and conveyed him to the station house, and subsequently ascertained that the property had been stolen from the National Hotel. The prisoner was taken before Justice Bogart, who committed him to prison for trial.

Violent Ascault upon a Female.—A man named David Cockburn was arrested by officer Gillen, of the Twentieth ward, on Monday night, charged with the commission of a violent and indecent assault on the person of Mrs. Elizabeth Melvin, a respectable woman, restding with her husband at the corner of Forty-first street and Eighth avenue. The accused was taken before Justice McGrath, who committed him to prison for a further examination.

MA Dichencel Female.—Officer Jewett, offthe Ninth ward, arrested yesterday a female by the name of Harriet E. Silvester, on a charge of stealing a valuable crape shawl, worth ninety collars, from the house of Mrs. J Weeks, No. 59 Bank street. The shawl was recovered, and the accused was detained in prison by Justice McGrath.

Justice to Jersey City.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

JERSEY CITY, April 12, 1853.

In your account of the blowing up of the boiler on board the dredging machine at Brooklyn, which occasioned the death of two persons, it is stated that the calamity was the result of a defective boiler built at Jersey City. Wishing to vindicate the character of our mechanics from any false imputations, it is requested that you will correct this error, by stating that said boiler was not made in Jersey City, but was brought from New York to Jersey City, and put on board the boat, which laid at our wharves for repairs.

Packing the City Cars.

Packing the City Cars.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

New York, April 12, 1853.

The excessive crowding of passengers late the Sixth and Eighth Avenue Railroad cars has become intolerable, and I hope that something will be done to obviste this difficulty in some degree; and I know of no medium through which this end can be accomplished more specifly than through the greess, whose efforts, I hope, will-define the control of the control of

Personal Intelligence.

Hons. J. J. Crittenden and C. M. Conrad, mabers of Mr. Fillmore's cabinet, arrived in Mobile on 48 3d inst.

THE LATEST FROM WASHINGTON.

MR. BUCHANAN'S APPOINTMENT.

MISSIONS YET TO BE FILLED.

COSSIP OF THE POLITICIANS, &c., &c., &c.

TELEGRAPHIC. THE APPOINTMENT OF MR. BUCHANAN—RIDICULOUS RUMORS—OTHER FOREIGN MISSIONS—THE PRESI-DENT'S HANDS STILL FULL OF WORK, ETC.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WASHINGTON, April 12—7 P. M.

I understand from ample authority, that there is not even the shadow of truth in the various rumors of disa-green tests in the cabinet, and swapping, which have been circula ted for some days pest. On the contrary, the very best fee ling prevails. Equally without foundation, and atill more absurd, is the statement telegraphed from here that the cabinet was engaged till twelve o'clock on Sun-day night endeavering to induce Mr. Buchman to accept the mission to England. Such entrastics would be benesth the position of the President, and were not used, directly such urgent moment as to require the cabinet to six

from the fact that he does not propose to relieve Mr. In-gersoll till the commencement of the facal year. As for the Senate being notified that the President intended to send them a message yesterday, it is explain-ed by the fact that he had fold them on Saturday be had no further business; that they would not have been prepared to act upon a nomination if they had not received reties, and that it was Mr. Buchanan's suggestion the ne sation should be at once confirmed, so that he

It is believed that the other foreign missions will be filled during the next two months, but that ne change-will be made till after the close of the present fiscal-year, so as the avoid the needless expense of deplicating-salaries.

There are yet to be filled seven full missions at nine thousand dollars; one Commissioner at nine thousand, and one at three thousand; one Minister Resident at six thousand, and fourteen Charges at four theusand five hundred dollars each, besides a host of Consuls. X. Y. Z.

and one at three thousand; one Minister Resident at six thousand, and fourteen Charges at four theusand five hundred dollars each, besides a host of Consuls. X. Y. Z.

Washington Gossip.

[From the Washington Republic, April 12.]

There was hardy more excitement concerning the composition of the Cabinet, manifested by politicians here on the day of the inauguration, than relative to changes in that council on the night before last, and yesterday, until the Senate adjectred size die. The like hardly ever was seen before. Democratic supporters of the fortunes of particular members of the Executive conneil were again ready to manul all creation in their service. Even those slewest to believe in fitful changes were infected with the prevalent hallucination, and prepared themselves to hear, by 3 P. M., of a regular earthquake in Cabinet council, which had swahowd up Mr. Marcy, if not Col. Josferson Davis tumbled Gen. Cughing into the State Department, Mr. Dobbin into the Attorney Generalship, and thrown Stoton and Weller from the Seate into the Navy and War Departments. I repeat, it was insisted all over Washington that such had been the results of a sort of argumentative set to, in a friendly way, of course, which had just taken place in the President's office room on Saturdsy.

Some time on Sunday night the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate was called up from his bed by a messenger from the While House, and requested to lose no time in preventing the departure of Senators from Washington by early morning conveyances, as the President had a communication to make to the Senate wishin required the presence of a quorum, that might fal to attend unless to too the measures to prevent their departure. Senators Mason and Atchison also were presed into the same service, spending hours on Sunday night in urging their brother Senators not to take themselves off. As might have been expected, such urgenay in such quarters gave rise to the excitement dearribed above. The New York hards, who are so hard at try propacy in such quart

be made from any quarter to such a selection for auch a post, Mr. Buchanaa was immediately confirmed. When the Senate adjourned vine die, the outsiders were very badly sold, most of those who telegraph news from hence being among the number. The hards patronize these gentlemen extensively, attning them on all occasions with all sorts of anti Marcy surmies.

The President has been urging Mr. Buchanan to accept the mission to London ever since the latter has been in Warhington, and, indeed, before his arrival. On Saturday morning early he formuly declined the offer; whereupon the President notified the Senate's committee waiting on him to know whether he had further c. mmunications to make to that body, that they might disperse. I am not prepared to say what particular occurrences brought about the change in Mr. Buchanan's determination, further than that like most young ladies he at times fails to know his own mind. I presume Miss Nancy refused, and then relented; that's all. A very decided democratic point has been achieved in the estimation efforts of the democratic politicians in Washington in sending Senator Borland to New Mexico. His re-election to the Senate was out of the question; as the late Sevier (now Johnson) wing being greatly in the assessadang there, they are determined to promote the Hon. Robert w. Johnson from the House to the Senate on the first passing occasion. To permit Mr. Borland to remain at home a beaten man would be to insure a far more equal division of the democratic party in Arkanas than exists, into fractions each hating the other with much more bitteress then they hate the whigs. The baraburner and hunker difficulty in New York would have been but a priming to this threatened fend, at least in its effect in Arkanas. With Mr. Porland in New Mexico and judicious provision for a few of his leading friends, the trouble may be amothered with ease, Johns in being the most popular man in the State, and disposed to conciliate, if possible. This is the key to B.'s recent appuintment.

[From proper.

The Washington Union of yesterday morning is loud in praise of the appointment of Mr. Buchanan, and says Mr. logersoll will not be relieved until the 1st of July.

Appointments by the President, By and with the advice and consent of the Senate J. Alexander Pleasants, at Minatitian, Mexico.

CORRUL.

J. Alexander Pleasants, at Minatitian, Mexico.

Collection of ring operation.

Greene C. Bronson, district. New York, New York, in place of Daniel C. Addition, who declines the appointment of the collection.

Greens C. Brobsul. — salkison, who declines the appoint in place of Danial — salkison, who declines the appoint in place of Danial — salkison, whose commission was revoked.

The salkison of John J. Walker, removed.

Thomas D. Jones. district of Mobile, Alabama, in place of John J. Walker, removed.

Thomas D. Jones. district of Frenchman's Bay, Maine, in place of Charles Peters, removed.

Subsyston or The Customs.

Seth Beiden, at Hartford, Connecticut, in place of Penfield B. Goodsell, removed.

Ferris Forman, Sacramento City, California.

J. J. Smith, Frederick, Maryland.

Robert A. Davage, Norada City, California.

Laniel Dickson, Wilmington, North Carolina.

E. B. Goodsell, Bridgeport, Connecticut.

W. W. Bridge, Fadiana polis, Indiana.

Rice of January, Feb. 21.—Although the yellow fever does not, at the present time, prevail here as an epidemic, yet quite a number of cases have occurred of late among the English resider's and season, occasioning not a little anxiety and apprehension. The mulsely is of ahort duration, and is marked by certain striking characteristics, which to a practiced observer, readily serve to distinguish it from other diseases. When taken in its inception, the treatment is very simple, consisting of mustard bath and sinapisms, plessified doser of castor oil, quinine occasionally, sudorifice and low dict. Bleeding is rarely practiced, except in very pethoric subjects, and emetics are never given, as vomiting is always one of the first symptoms. Its contagiousness is a matter of doubt among physicians.

On Ash Wednesday, a pempous and importing procession of the Romish church took place in front of the Emperor's palace, in the square, attracting a large concourse of people. A band of military music was in attendance, and a company of Brazilien soldiers conducted the escort. The raise has been pouring in terrents for the last week, rendering the atmosphere quite cool and confortable, after a prelonged season of intense heat and subtriness. The masked balls closed last week, and the Carnival is now over. Am Italian company is performing "Norma," &c. at the tiseatre "Provisario," with disting tished assesses.

Mr. Mewett, keeper of the English Botel, died here sud-

assesses.

Mr. Mewett, keeper of the English hotel, died here suddenly, of yellow fever, last week: also his son. He was well known to the citizens of Pio, and his death is n. ech lamested. A seaman belonging to the bark Siri, of Beston, was buried yenterday.

Religious service is held regularly every Sabbath on board seme one of the wassels in port, by Rev. Mr. Fletcher, American chaplain. There is also divine worship at an English Episcopar church.

There is a regular steam packet to England, and most of the American papers are received by that conveyance.

Several vessels are up for Austrelia and California to sail soon, and more expected. Sailors' wages are

so an soca, and more expected.

There is no American man of war import, nor of any nation—a circumstance somewhat unusual.

The ship Glance, from New York for Australia, put in herea few days ago, having had a matiny on board Serwal of the men were put in irons. She left Rio on

Several of the men were put in 1701s. One feet in the Saturday,

The Catharine Augusta, from New York for Australia, which put in here in distress, is still in the harbor, the captain having left for New York to obtain money to repair her. Her passengers are very indignant at the treatment they have seedied, having been cooleded in the representations made by the owners and commander. No one should leave for California or Australiae without the utmost circumspection in regard to the vessel in which he embarks, as the greatest deception is often oractized.

### AFFAIRS IN ALBANY.

Important Legislative Business

The Session Drawing to-a Close.

Exciting Executive Session of the Senate. Spirited Debate in the Assembly Relative to the Canals.

THE BILL TO AMEND THE CITY CHARTER. THE NEW YORK POLISE BILL.

&c., &c., &c.

TELEGRAPHIC. AN EXCITING EXECUTIVE SESSION OF THE SENATE.— A SALT SUPERINTENDENT BEJECTED—THE CANAL QUESTION IN THE HOUSE—PROSPECT OF A LATE

ALBANY, April 12-10 P. M. At 12 o'clock to day the Senate went into executive At 12 o'clock to day the Senate went into executivesession, without opposition from Mr. Cooley or any of the
whigs. All of the nominations for notaries presented by
the Governor were confirmed quantimessly, but when
the name of Jerome J. Briggs, as Superintendent of
the outside Salt Springs, was announced, several
Senators expressed their opposition to a confirmation.
No one, at first, seemed disposed to give roasons, but at length Mr. Monroe, whig Senator
from Syraouse, stated that there had been a law
case in which Mr. Briggs was involved, in relacase in which Mr. Briggs was involved, in rela-tion to a difficulty he had while Distract Attorney, with the Supervisors of Onondaga county. Several other Senstors, and among them one or two democrats, opposed his nomination. The debate continued some two-hours. The vote was finally taken, and Mr. Briggs was

Darius A. Ogden, after a little squabble, was also con-

consider the vote confirming the nomination of Mr. Briggs. This was carried, to the consternation of some place in caucus, during the dinner and recess, is unre realed, and will probably remain so.

The President announced that there were no more no was made to resume legislative business. A sharp personal and undignified discussion tool place between Mesars. Cooley and Cornell, when, finally,

the Senate went into legislative session and resumed the The whole day has been consumed in the House upon the two propositions to amend the constitution. Poth houses are now in full blast, and will, as things look now, occupy nearly the whole night. Senator Pierce resumed his seat this accompon, though

not fully recovered in health. THE COURT OF APPEALS—THE CASE OF THE STATE
TREASURERSHIP SETTLED—THE BROADWAY RAIL

ALBANY, April 12, 1853.

The Court of Appeals, which adjourned to-day, has decided the case of the "people against Cook." The decision is adverse to Cook, affirming the previous decision

The following is the last decision made by the Court of Appeals:—

The People ex. rel. Davis and Palmer, respondents against Sturtevant, dc., and appellants.—Motion by respondents—to dismits the appeal taken by the appellants in each of raid causes, from a judgment or order of the general term of the Superior Court, adjudging the appellants in contempt for disobedience of injunctions issued in relation to the Broadway Railroad, New York, and ordering fines for such contempt—denied, with \$10 costs.

# NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

NEW LIBRI LAW-PITTSBURG RAILWAY.

The bill to amend the law of libel was passed. Also the bill to authorize the city of Buffalo to take stock in the Pittsburg Railway.

TO-DAY'S PROCEEDINGS. NEW YORK AND OTHER BILLS REPORTED Mr.Cooley reported the Life Insurance bill, with amend ments. Ordered to a third reading. The Williamsburg Water Works bill was reported favor

ably. Laid on the table.

Mr. Vannescur reported a bill to regulate the railways on Log Island.

Mr. Bracu reported a majority report favorable to the BankBasis Circulation bill.

Mr. Mosan reported a bill to regulate the fees of the Corporation Counsel and Attorney of New York.

Mr. McMurnar reported a bill to acquire property for a new eservoir in New York.

The Union College Committee have until September report.
The purity of suffrage resolutions were adoption by purity of suffrage resolutions were adoptioned.

The purity of suffrage resolutions were adopted.

EXECUTIVE SESSION—NOTABLES CONFIRMED, NTO.

Are equitive session was announced.

The Notaries Public were all confirmed, as also were the unangers of the State Lunstic Asylum.

The nomination of J. J. Briggs as Superintendent of Onedags Salt Springs, called out opposition.

M. CORNELL (dem.) defended the nomination.

M. UPHAM (whig) stated that he should vote against him because he was not a whig, and the present incumbent was a good officer.

M. MONHOE (whig)—The present incumbent of the office s an excellent officer, and an honest and honorable may and deserves to be retained.

M. WHIGHT (whig) said he had been informed by democrats that Mr. Briggs was not in politics what he used to be.

M. CORNELL—What is your authority?

Mr. WHIGHT—Good hunkers.

Mr. CORNELL—Proceeded to make a few remarks, as he sail the Senator from the First was not in his place, and doubtless desired to vote. Whom Mr. Cooley returned, and Mr. Cornell distabed his speech.

Mr. Patzr, (whig) gave high testimony to the great usefulness of the present incumbent.

After a long debate the nominations were confirmed.

Mr. Babcock and Mr. Ward voting with the democrats.

Mr. Pierce absent. A.c. Cooley and Mr. Vanderbilt not

Mr. Pierce absent. A.C. Cooley and Mr. Vanderbilt not voting.

A recess was then take. The APTERNO ON SESSION.

THE CONFIRMATION OF M. BRIGGS ERCONSIDERED.

At the opening of the sessio of the nomination of Mr. Briggs as Superintendent of the Salt Springs was reconsidered, I7 to 14.

Mr. Upham moved that the Someteresume legislative business. Lost, by the casting v. We of the Lieutenate Governor.

The question was then on the centim. Tation of Mr. Briggs.

Mr. Upham moved that it be laid on the table, which was carried, 17 to 15, and the legislative business was resumed.

MATERIA MEDICA.

The bill in relation to the advancement of the cause medicine, by giving greater facilities for a usection, we defeated.

The bill to regulate the issue of foreign bank notes was debated until the recess. On reassembling, the subject was renewed, and the bill was passed with ame talents. The Senate is engaged on the appropriation bit, which will occupy them to a late hour.

Assembly, MONDAY EVENING'S REPORT. SHILS PASSED.

The Albany and New Baltimore Ship Canal bill.

Consolidating the Syratuse and Birghamton and Owe go and Birghamton railways. Relative to the Cemetery at Bushwick.

Consolidating: the Syrasume and Binghamton and Owego and Binghamton railways.

Relative to Railways.

ALBANY, April 12, 1853.

SHEFERS's REGETER—GENHAL APPLOPHARTONS.

The voice on the bill to supply the commen schools with Stryker's Register was reconsidered, and the bill was recommitted.

The General Appropriation bill was passed.

ONEDA RUKE—CAMAL REVECUE CHEMICATES, ETC.

Mr. WERT ryported a bill to improve the Orneida river.

Also a bill to provide for the wayszent of interest on the Camal revenue certificates, and the 8-wego Camal loan.

THE MINITIA CODN.

The Militia Code was received from the Senate, and reforted to the committee to report complete.

DIVISION ATENUE RAILWAY—TH MARY'S CHEMAL.

The Division Avenue Railway bill was lost, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

This St. Mary's Ship Canal bill was passed;

The special order was the resolutions of Measur. West and Capp, from the majority and minority of the canal committee. We have already published Went's resolutions of the second was considered by Mr. Cookey, in the Senate.—

Strike out the third section of article avera of the constitution, and insert the following instead thereor—

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Strike out the third section of the capacity of the State, on the thirtieth of September, in each year, for the use of the general fundates and second sections of the seventh article of the constitution, and insert the following instead thereory and the second sections of the second section of the Eric canal, and to the enlargement of the object of the capacity of the state, on the tindividual of the capacity of

payment; and it the said tund shall at any time be insufficient to rodeem any part of the said principal or to pay, any part of the said interests as cipulated, the means to satisfy the chaims of the lenders of the said funds. Every contract for work and materials for the completion and culargement of shall give adequate security for the performance of his contract. The Legislature shall pescale the cases, times and manner of giving auch notice of such contracts, and the form and amount of ach security.

Mr. WEST, (dem.) of Jefferson, said the main difference between his rasolutions and those which came from the Senate was the amount of the yearly appropriation. He proposed the annual appropriation of \$1,509,000—and the borrow what should be necessary to make up that sum after counting the surplus canal resources. Experience when the annual expenditures were unusually large. A million and a half a year was all that could be economically expended divring the months of winter. Another rea on was, that by his plan much essential work could be done before money could be raised by the other proposition. Again, appropriating certain fixed sums yearly would produce better economy than by leaving the amounts to be expended undetermined. The old Krie Canal was constructed by the appropriation of a million a year, and cost only seven millions. He did not believe two sud a half millions could be economically expended in a single year. Then the contracts under the nine million life 1851 might be considered valid, and be adopted by the State officers, unless those contracts were especially annulled, as provided for in his resolutions. The people of the State are partial to our present constitution, and any plan to be sustained by them must be in conformity with their views. Then any measure that meets their approval must go before them as a fair compromise between those who deair large expenditures, and those who are unwilling to amend the constitution and go into debt. Such was his plan, and he believed it the only one tha

joint committee, to examine the accounts of the freasurer, &c.

Mr. BURROUGHS, (ind. dem.) of Orleans, moved to post pone the special order until 12 M, to-morrow. [Lost, two-thirds not voting in the affirmative.]

Mr. BURROUGHS then moved to postpone until 7 o'clock this evening, which was also lost.

Mr. O'BRIEN moved to lay the special order on the table. Lost.

APTERNOON SESSION.

BILLS RETURNED AV THE GOVERNOR—HE SUPPLY SILL, I
The Governor returned four local bills with objectic
Laid on the table.

The debate on the Canal resolutions was recorded, continued to the recess.

The House went into Committee on the Supply which will take up several hours.

On the Canal resolutions, no final question is expected until long after midnight, if taken at all.

The session will probably be prolonged a day or two-

The Law of Libel.

The following is the bill introduced in the Sens Mr. Taber, from the Judiciary, and ordered to a

Mr. Taber, from the Judiciary, and ordered to a third reading:

Sec. 1. No reporter, editor, or proprietor of any newspaper shall be liable to any prosecution, civil or criminal, for a fair and true report in such newspaper, of any indicial, legislative, or other public official proceedings, of any statement, speech, argument or debate in the course of the same, except upon actual proof of malice in making such report, which shall in no case be implied from the fact of the publication.

Sec. 2. Nothing in the preceding section contained shall be so construed as to protect any such reporter, editor or proprieter, from an action or indictment for any libelous comments or remarks superadded to, and interspersed or connected with, such report.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### THE NEW CITY CHARTER.

An Act Further to Amend the Charter of the City of New York.
The people of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:—
Section 1. The legislative powers of the corporation of the city of New York shall be vested in a Board of Addermen and a Board of Councilmen, who, together, shall form the Common Council of the city. The Board of Addermen shall consist of one Adderman from each ward, who shall be elected, by the people of the respective wards, for two years. The Board of Councilmen shall counsist of sixty members, to be elected from as many divisiets, who shall be sworn in on the first Monday of Jaunes y succeeding their election; and shall hold their offices for one year, and receive the same compensation as the Aldermen.

destricts, who shall be sworn in on the first Monday of James y succeeding their election; and shall hold their offices for one year, and receive the same compensation as the Aldermen.

Sear 2. The members of the Board of Aldermen first elected under this sort, shall be classified as follows:—On or before the first Treeslay in December succeeding the mext general election, the clerk of the sity and county of New York shall, in the presence of the Mayor, Reforder, and Comptroller, or a majority thereof, draw from a box, to be provided for the purpose, in which two ballots shall have been deposited, having thereon respectively sither the worlodd or the word even, one ballet. If the ballot so drawn shall have thereon the worlodd, then the term of of the of the aldermen chosen frozy wards having an odd numerical designation, shall expire on the first Monday of January, 1855, and in case the badder the worlows and the same the worlows, and the same the worlows having an even numerical designation, shall expire on the first Monday of January, 1855. At all subsequent elections aldermen shall be elected for the full term of two years.

Sec. 3. For the election of councilment it said city shall be divided into sixty districts of contiguous territory, and as near as may be of equal population, each of which shall choose one connections. The Courseon Council shall so divide the city into-sued districts, each of which shall choose one connections.

The Courseon Council shall be manner re-districts said dity.

Sec. 4. Every art, resolution; or erdinance, a propriating money, or involving the expositions of any State law, shall originate in the Board of Council, which shall have been returned by the Mayor, with his objections. Sec. 6. The Board of Supervisors shall, on or before the first Monday of October next, firsthe componation shall have been returned by the Mayor, with his objections. Sec. 6. The Board of Supervisors shall, on or before the first Monday of October next, firsthe componation shall have been returned by t

ration.

Sec. 9. No money shall be expended by the corporation for any celebration, procession or entertainment of any kind, or on any occasion, except for the celebration of the anniversary of the National Independence, the 25th of November (Evacuation Day), and the anniversary of the Birthday of Washington, unless by a vote of three-fourths of all the members elected, in each board of the Common Council.

Common Council.

Sec. 10. No additional allowance beyond the legal claims, under any contract with the corporation, or for the corporation of the county of

sey earlies on its account, or in its employment, shall sere be alloe thief of Police), shall hereafter be appointed. See 11. The officer of the police and policeases, (excepting the Chief of Police), shall hereafter be appointed. Becorder and City Judge.

See 12. All work to be done, and all supplies to be furnished for the corporation, involving an expenditure of more than \$250, shall be by contract founded on sealed bids or proposals, made in compliance with the public notice for the full period of tend says; and all suck contracts when given shall be given to the lowest bidder with adequate security. All such bids or proposals shall be opened for the heads of departments advertising for them, in the presence of the comptroller and such of the parties making them as may desire to be present.

See 13. There shall be a bureau in the department of finance, to be called the "anditing bureau," and the chief cannot be alled the "Andition of Accounts." It is concerted as debtor or creditor. It shall keep an account of each claim for or against the corporations and of the sum allowed upon each, and certify the same, with reasons therefor, to the comptroller. The comptroller shall report to the Common Council once in ninety days the name of each claim presented and the decision of the sumitor on the same, together with the final action of the souther on the same, together with the final action of the souther on the same, together with the final action of the souther on the same, together with the final action of the souther on the same, together with the final action of the souther on the same, together with the final action of the souther on the same, together with the final action of the souther on the same, together with the final action of the souther on the same, together with the final action of the souther on the same, together with the final action of the souther of the same thank the set of the souther of the souther of the final set of the south of the same thank the set of the souther of the souther of the